







- ➢ INTRODUCTION TO MOBY SYSTEM
- ADVANTAGES OF USING INFRARED AND VACUUM
- ➢ SOLID STATE POLYCONDENSATION (SSP) OF PET
- ➢ SUPER-CLEAN OF PET
- > APPLICATIONS
- ➢ MOBY LAB









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- ➤ EXAMPLES OF APPLICATIONS
- ➢ MOBY LAB







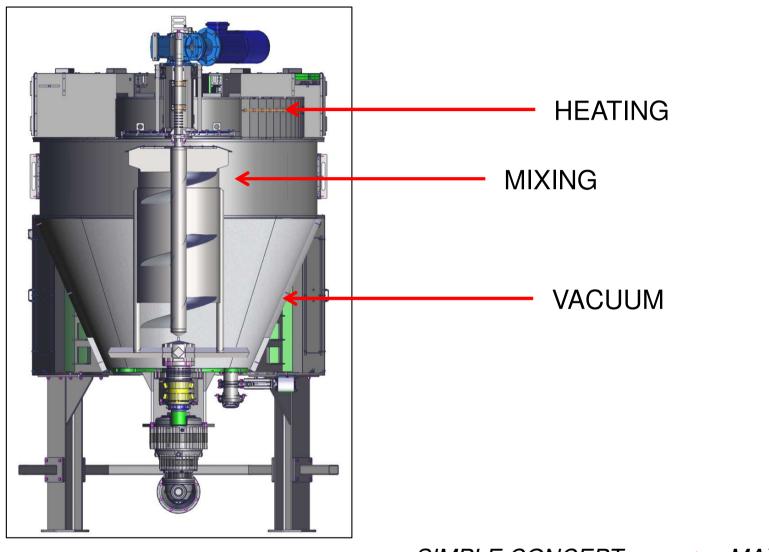










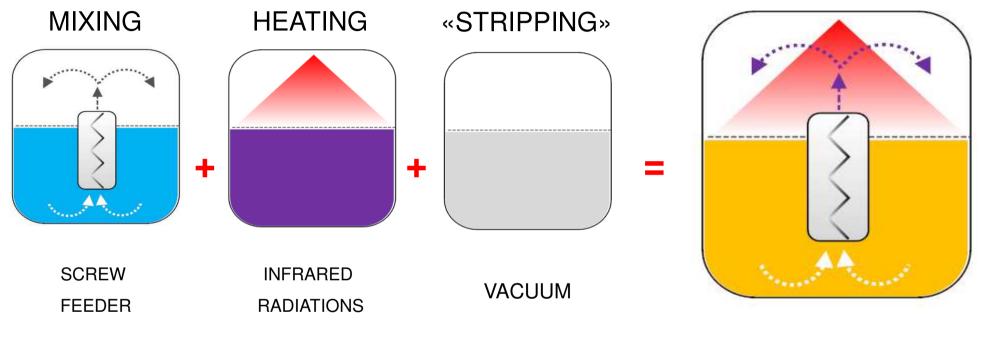


SIMPLE CONCEPT ---- MAXIMUM RESULT









MOBY

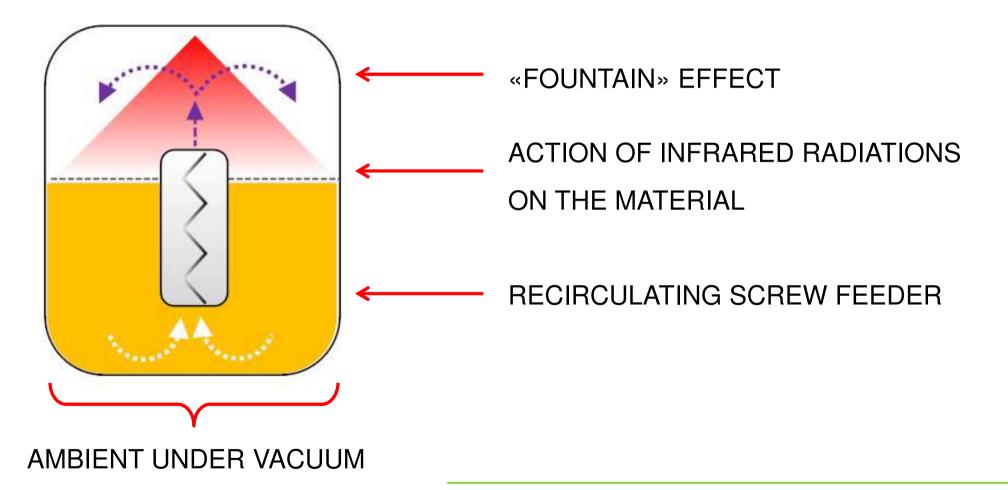
SIMPLE CONCEPT ----- MAXIMUM RESULT







The material inside the reactor is recirculated by a screw feeder in a tube and exposed to the action of infrared radiations in an ambient under vacuum

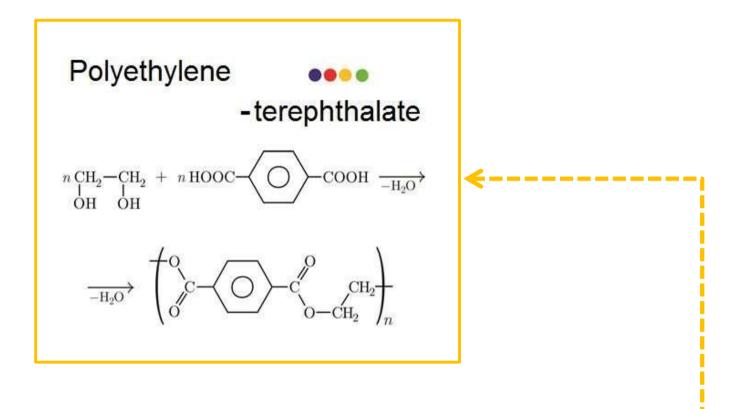








MOBY is a heat treatment system usable on any kind of polymer



This presentation is focused on PET







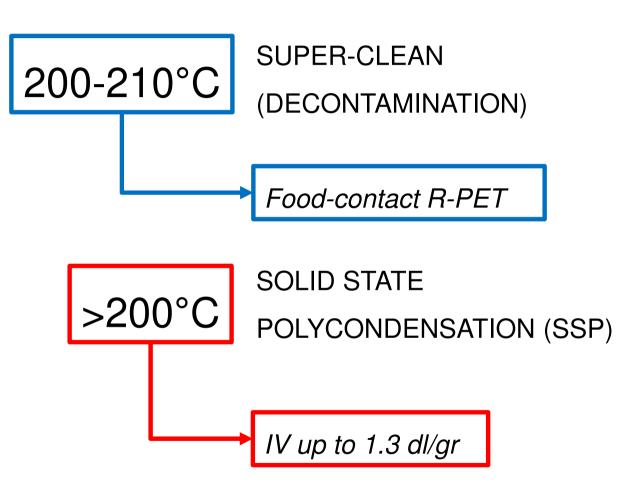
The temperature is controlled directly on the material and determines the various stages of PET processing

GLASS TRANSICTION 80°C START CRYSTALLIZATION **CRYSTALLIZATION** 80-160°C DEHUMIDIFICATION SUPER-CLEAN 200-210°C (DECONTAMINATION) SOLID STATE >200°C POLYCONDENSATION (SSP)





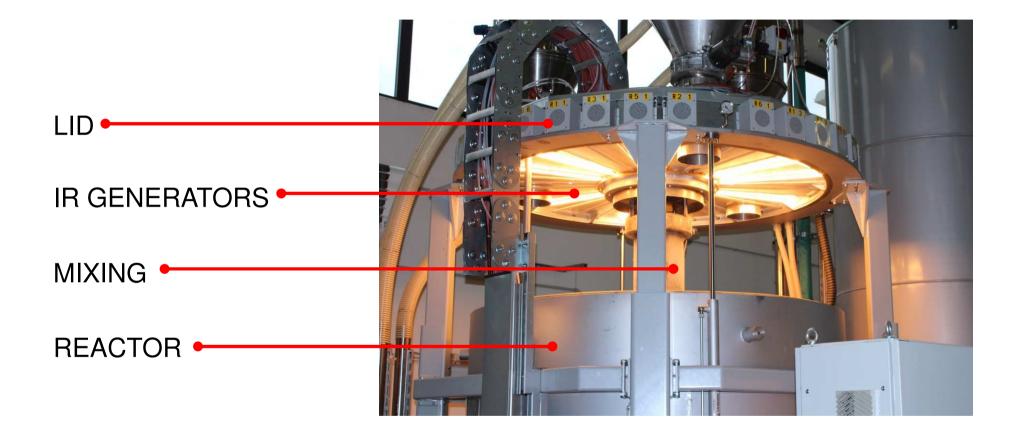








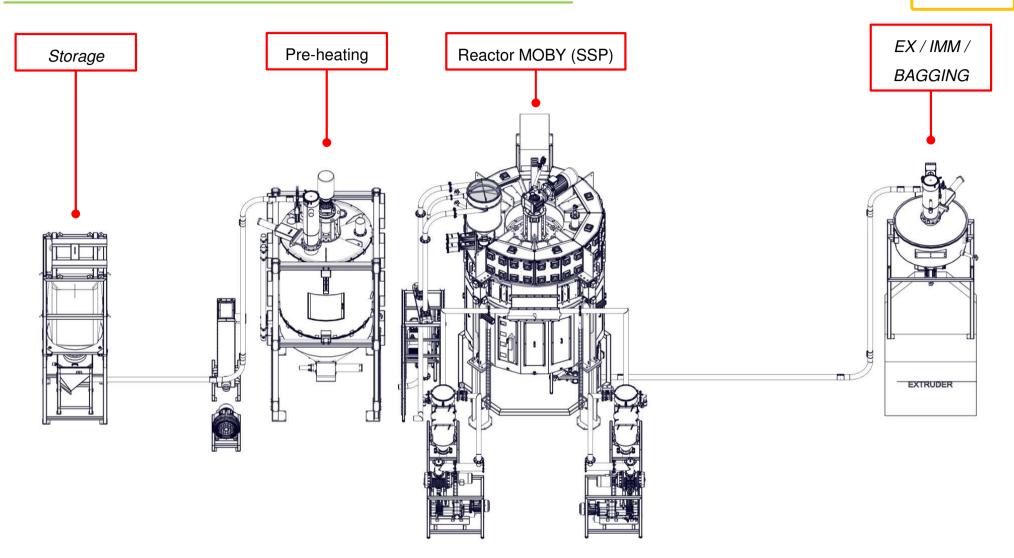




Picture of a reactor with the lid open and the IR generators running







MOBY plant configuration for «Solid State Polycondensation»







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THEORY

Why INFRARED RADIATIONS and VACUUM?





PET

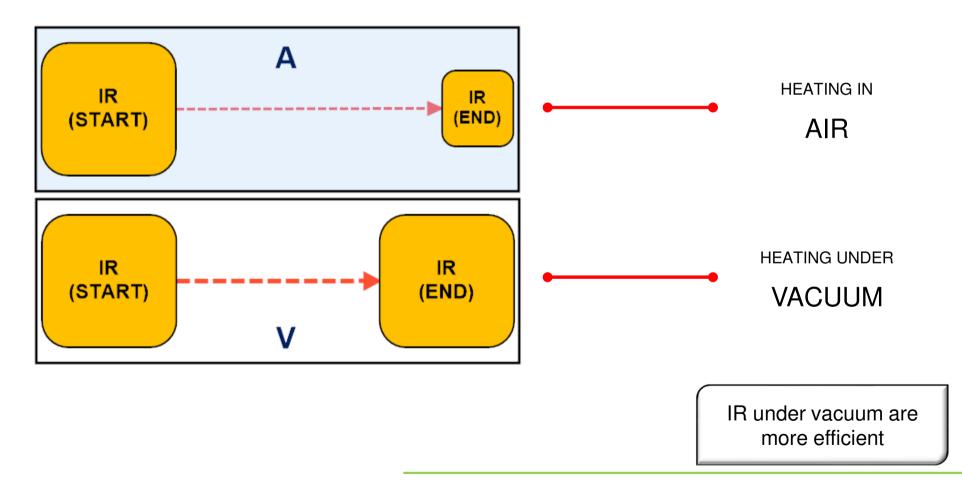
POLYESTER



PET

Compared to radiation in the air, the yield of the infrared radiation under

vacuum increases up to 30%





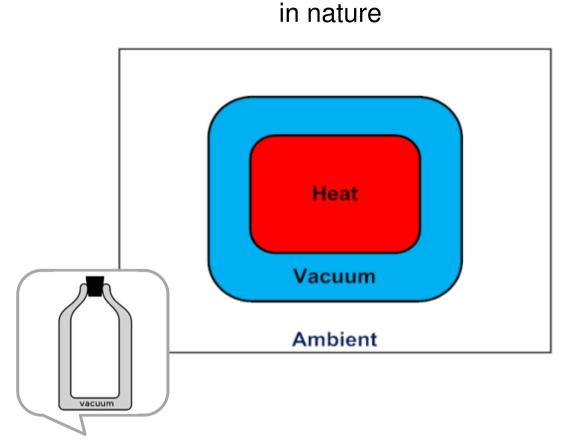


ADVANTAGES OF USING INFRARED AND VACUUM



BENEFIT NR 1

Vacuum increases the efficiency of IR and it's also the best thermal insulation



As a <u>vase of Dewar</u>, the reactor does not exchange any heat with the outside,

from which it is not only isolated, but independent







BENEFIT NR 1

The combination of infrared with an ambient under vacuum

- Increases the energy efficiency of the heating
 - Improved the energy conservation

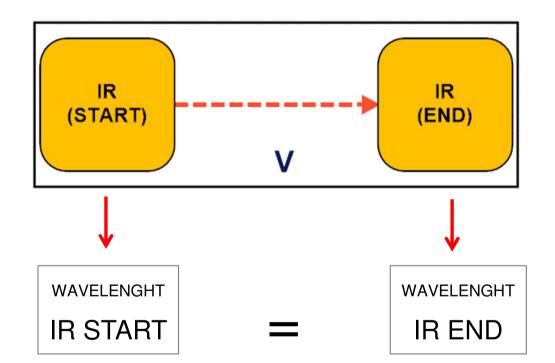






The radiation emitted under vacuum retains not only its energy yield, but also

its wavelength



It's possible to know the type of radiation that acts on the material under treatment



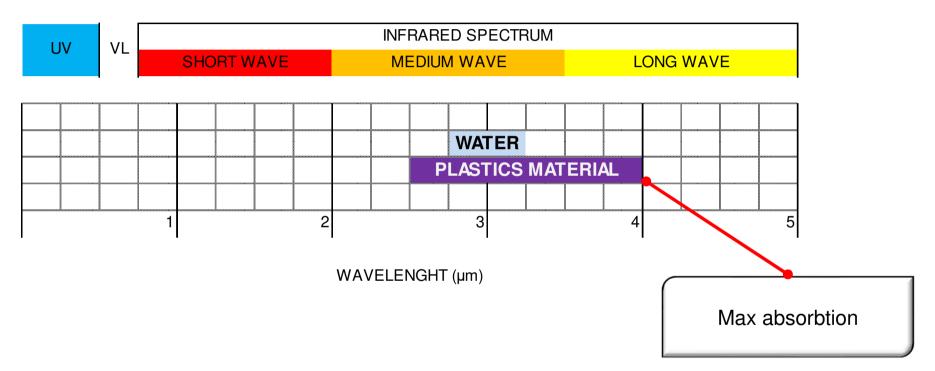






All bodies absorb or reflect

a specific wavelength of infrared radiation



Exploiting the Law of Wien is possible to vary the wavelength of the emitted radiation and thus obtain a more selective and efficient heating





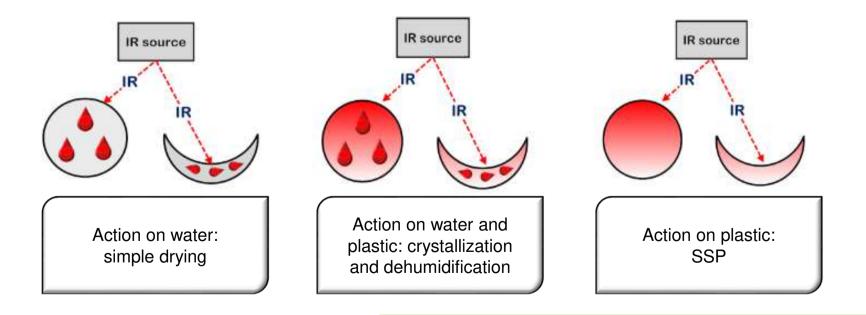


BENEFIT NR 2

The combination of infrared with an ambient under vacuum

Allows a selective heating

Improves the utilization of the energy supplied





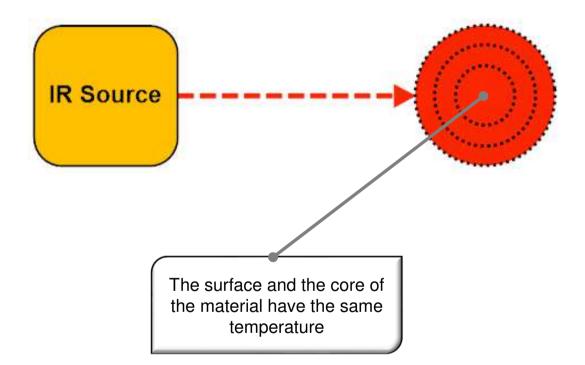


ADVANTAGES OF USING INFRARED AND VACUUM





The infrared radiation heats the material directly, inside and in a uniform manner



At the end of the process, the treated material is in the same condition of temperature

and humidity







BENEFIT NR 3

The combination of infrared with an ambient under vacuum

- Increases the quality of the crystallization
 - Improves the yield of SSP

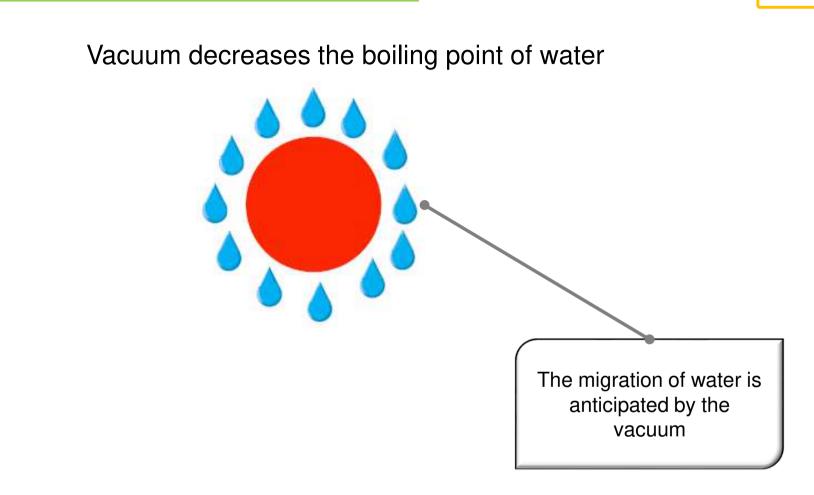




ADVANTAGES OF USING INFRARED AND VACUUM







Operating close to the absolute vacuum, MOBY system can start

the dehumidification from 80-85°C



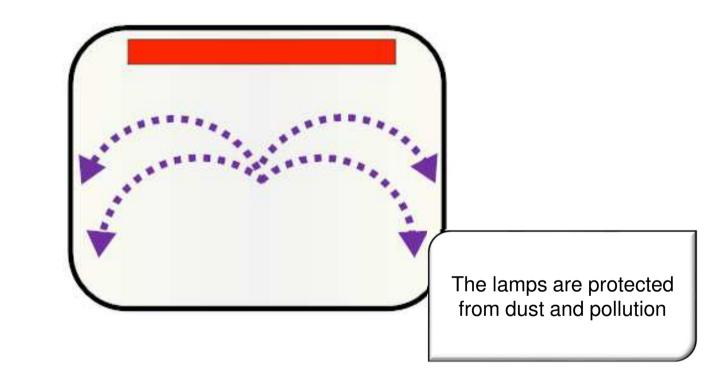


ADVANTAGES OF USING INFRARED AND VACUUM





All the bodies under vacuum fall at the same speed



By applying a known law of physics, the system MOBY is able to handle not only granules,

but also regrinds having irregular shape, while keeping safe both the radiation

and filtration means









BENEFIT NR 4

The combination of infrared with an ambient under vacuum

- > Allows to work with materials having irregular shapes
 - Allows to process contaminated materials



Regrind of strap and thermoforming sheet in PET



Regrind of monofilament for brooms in PET+PE/PP



Regrind of sheet in PET+PE







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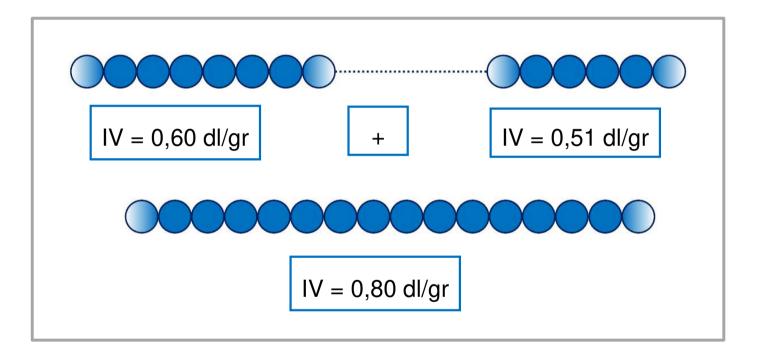








PET - polyethylene terephthalate - is a polycondensation polymer which is obtained by reaction of terephthalic acid and ethylene glycol and water elimination



The SSP is a solid state polycondensation which improves the mechanical

properties of PET







The conditions to operate an SSP of PET are:

Temperature >200°C

Absence of oxygen







Why INFRARED RADIATIONS and VACUUM?







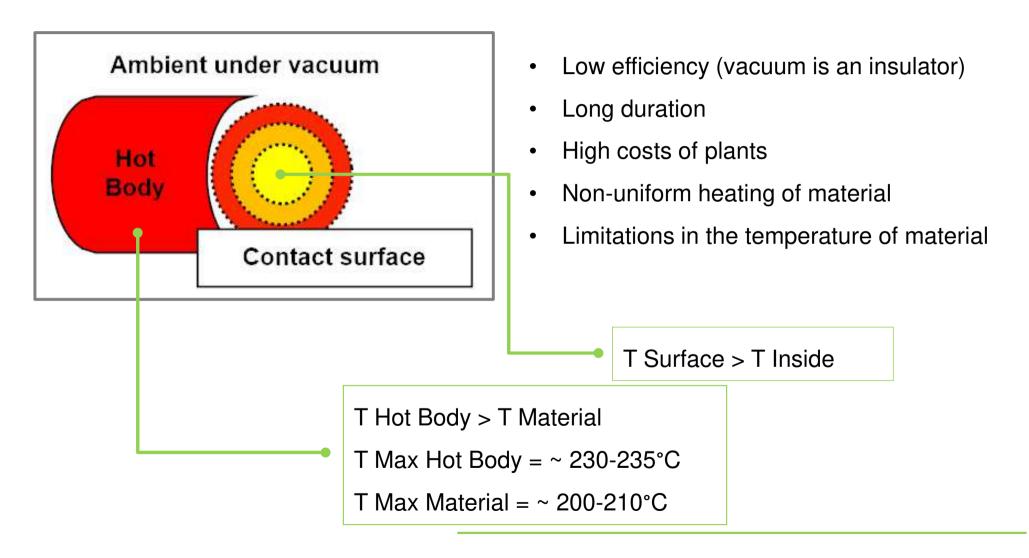
The combination of infrared with an ambient under vacuum solves some <u>limitations</u> of the known systems operating SSP of PET







Limitations of an SSP heating by conduction

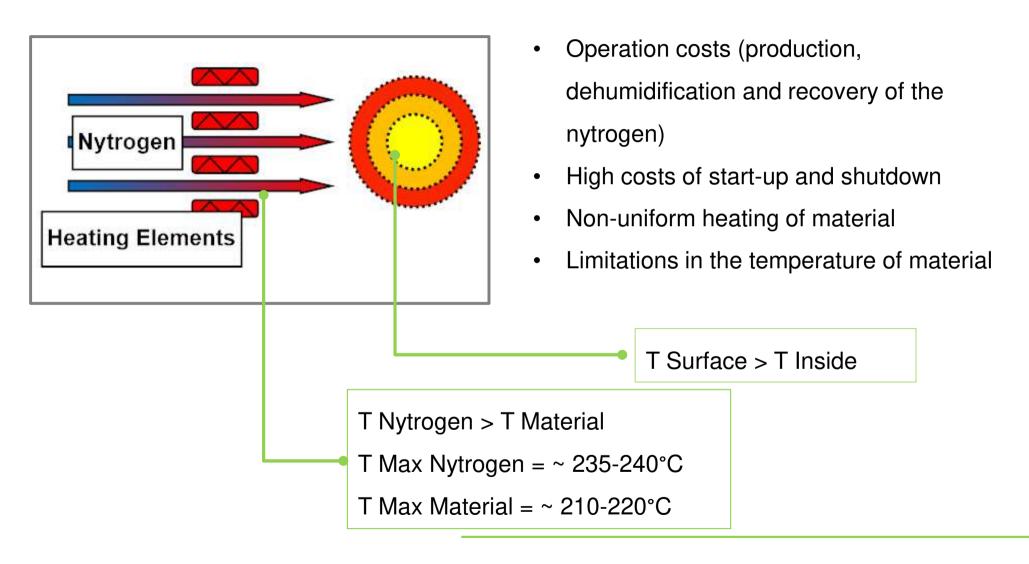








Limitations of an SSP heating by convection

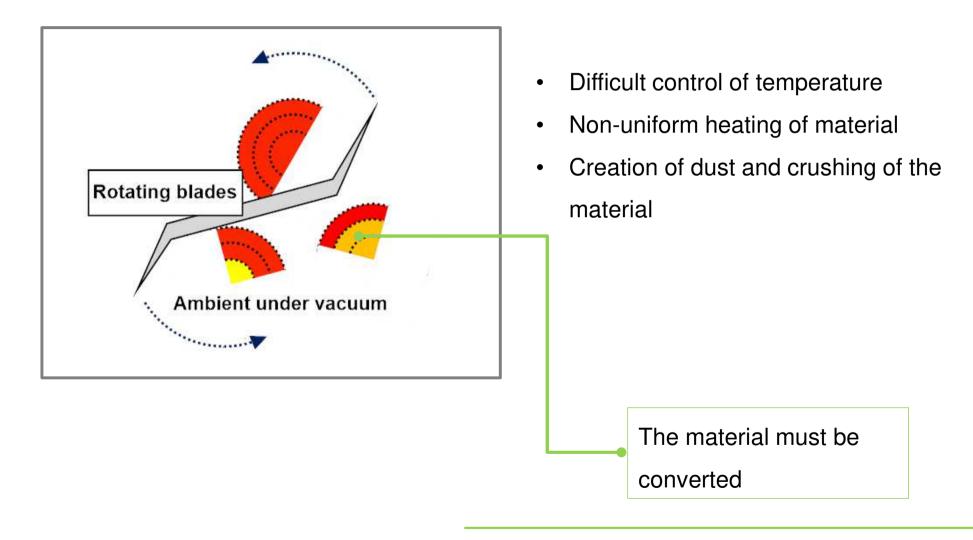








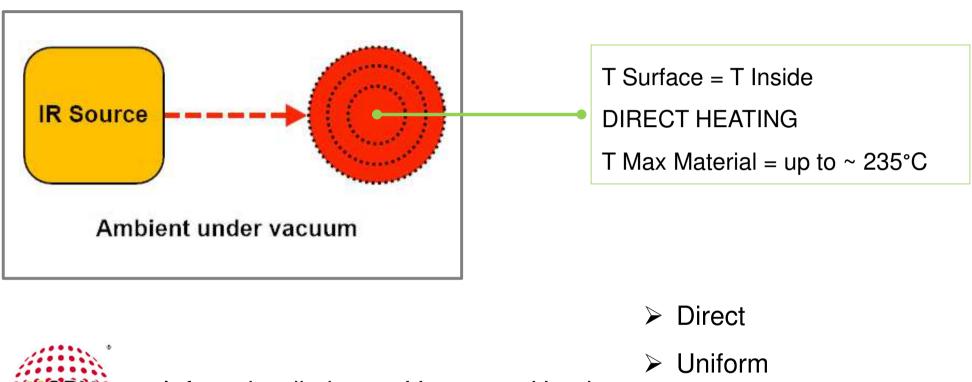
Limitations of an SSP heating by friction

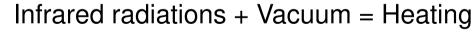






SSP heating by radiations - MOBY





- > Selective
- > Fast



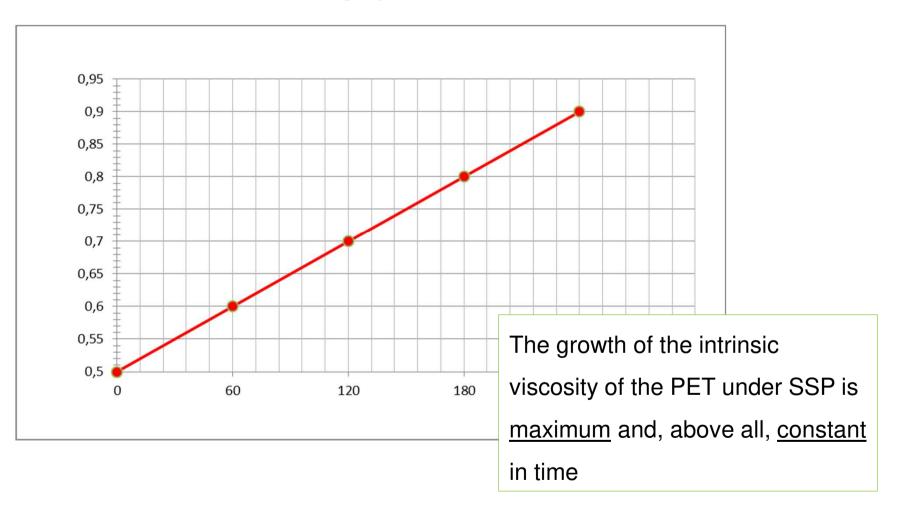
PET

POLYESTER





SSP heating by radiations - MOBY









The use of MOBY technology in the treatment of PET is particularly

advantageous in terms of speed and flexibility, i.e.:

	SPEED	FLEXIBILITY	
Crystallization and Dehumidification	1 h and 1/2 to move the humidity from 1% (10.000ppm) to 0.0005% (50ppm)	Material shape Contaminants (PE, PP, etc)	
Solid State Polycondensation (SSP)	IV rise-up range: - from a minimum of 0.026 dl/gr/h - to a max of 0.11 dl/gr/h	Materiale shape Contaminants (PVC)	

(a) less cost of investment, (b) less energy consumption and (c) best R.O.I.

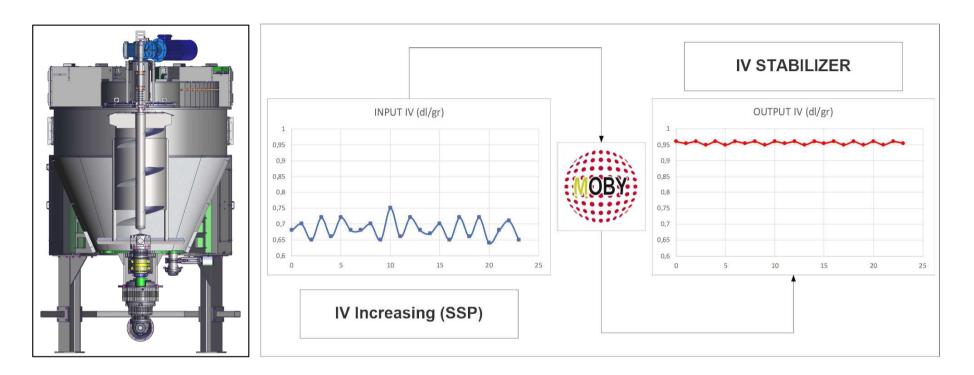




SOLID STATE POLYCONDENSATION (SSP) OF PET



R-PET - IV STABILIZER



The MOBY technology, thanks to the combination of infrared radiations, vacuum and prolonged mixing, works not only as an intrinsic viscosity enhancer (up to 1.3 dl/gr on bottle flakes), but also and above all as an IV STABILIZER.







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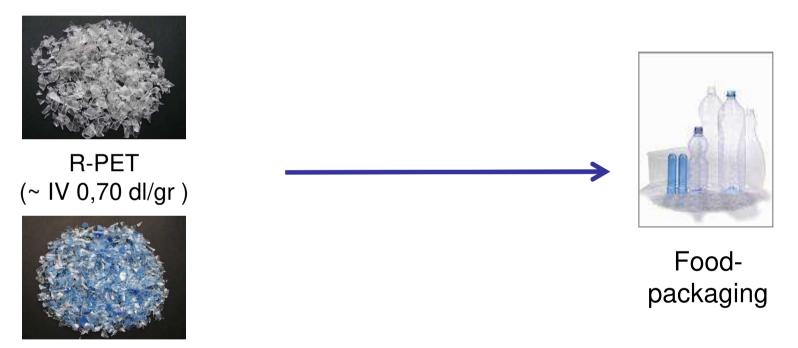




SUPER-CLEAN OF PET



The so called "Super-Clean" is a kind of SSP operated at 200-210°C in which the residual chemical contaminants are removed in order to reuse the material in food applications



* The RPET must have specific properties in terms of color and contents of PVC, glue, aluminum, HDPE, PP and other polymer foreign particles. The end user must refer to local regulations for approval

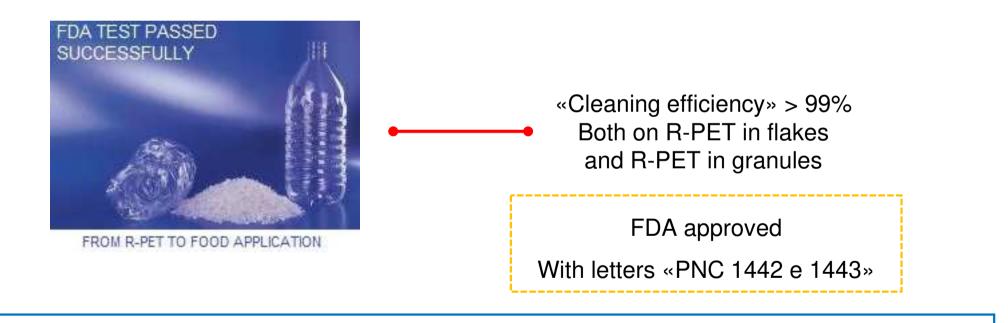






«CHALLENGE TEST» FOR FOOD-CONTACT RECYCLING

The official tests carried out by the Fraunhofer-Institut für Verfahrenstechnik und Verpackung have shown that the infrared + vacuum technology MOBY is able to decontaminate the recycled polyester (R-PET) to make it again suitable for contact with food



Categories of FDA «food-contact» : from «B» to «H»







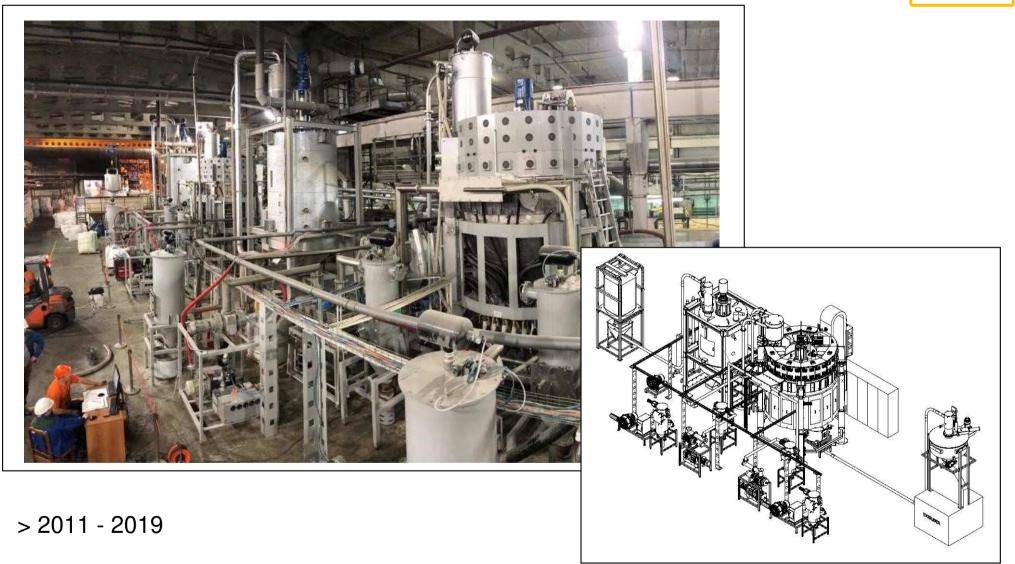
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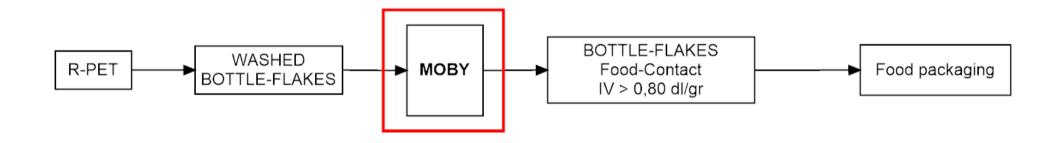










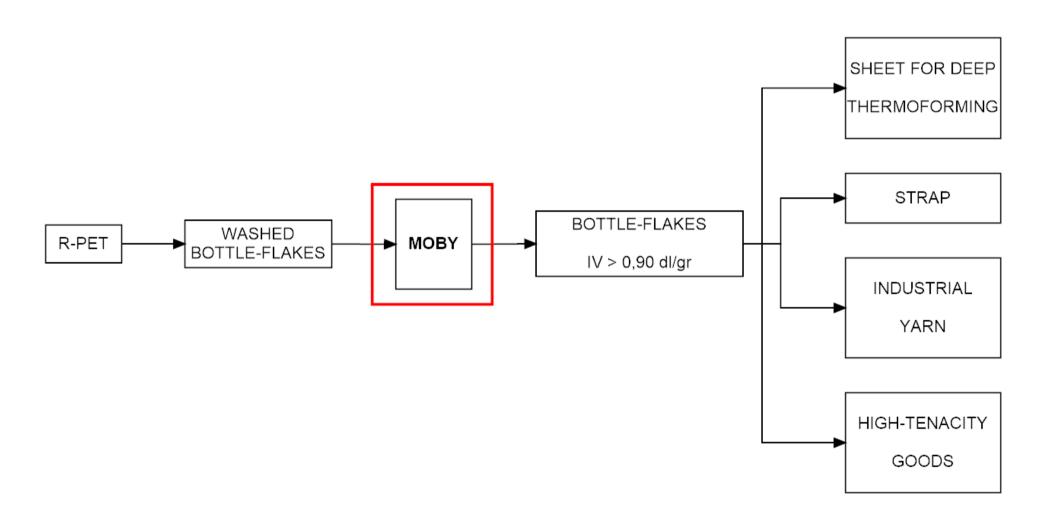








RECYCLING FOR HIGH-TENACITY APPLICATIONS

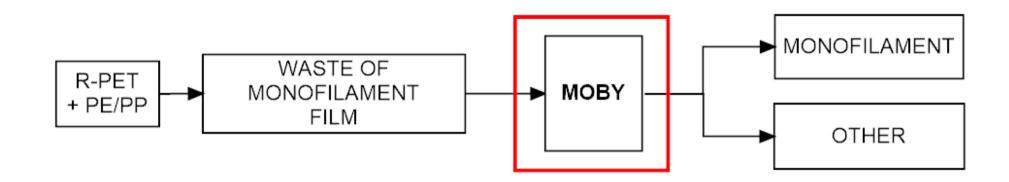








RECYCLING OF PET POLLUTED BY PE/PP











RECYCLING OF PET POLLUTED BY PE/PP

RECYCLING FOR HIGH-TENACITY APPLICATIONS

BOTTLE-TO-BOTTLE (B2B)

PRODUCTION FROM 50 TO OVER 2.500 Kg/h

















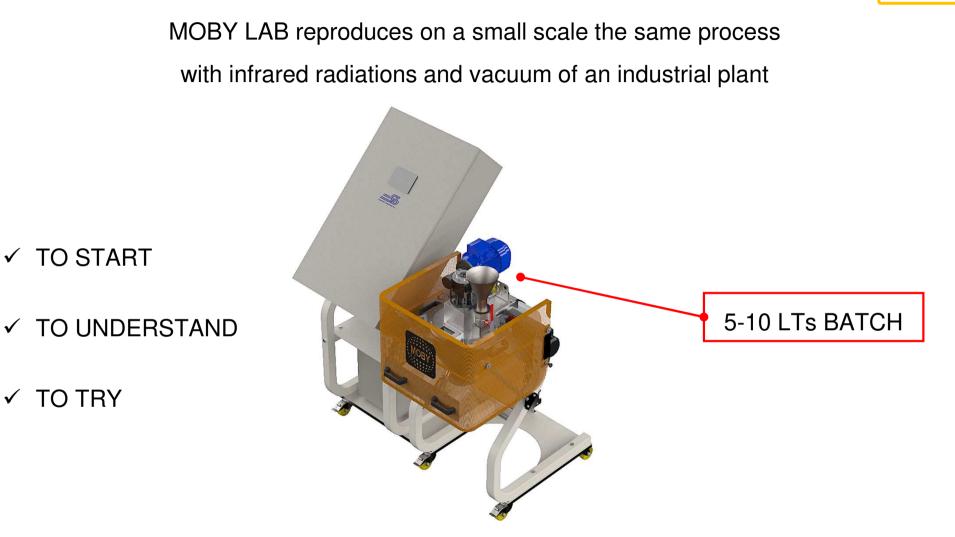
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SOLID STATE POLYCONDENSATION FOR LABORATORY





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